





Trees in the landscape – maintaining forestry's social licence in a changing climate

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Marcopper Mining Disaster

The biggest and worst mining disaster in Philippine history 24 March 1996

Placer Dome began to talk of loss of a 'social licence' in the mining sector



III/A/1 -- <u>New York Times</u> Advertisement

WILL CANADA DO NOTHING TO SAVE CLAYOQUOT SOUND, ONE OF THE LAST GREAT TEMPERATE RAINFORESTS IN THE WORLD?



intact temperate rainforests left in North America. Clayoquot Sound may be the most accessible ecoystem of its kind for research and conservation. Its magnificent landscape supports numerous shell and finfish populations, including five species of Pacific salmon, hundreds of thousands of migrating waterfowl and shorebirds, marine mammals, including two types of whales, the second largest shark in the world, and some of the continent's largest predators, such as wolves, bears and cougars.

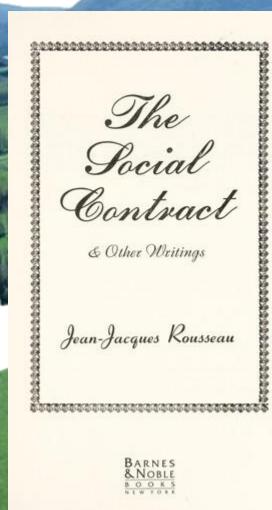
It is ironic that British Columbia, which touts its "supernatural" beauty in its tourism promotional











Social contract - metaphor for understanding fair social arrangements and how they are negotiated.

 Interactions guided by socially sanctioned rules – formal provisions and informal norms.

Two approaches:

- Consent-based
- Justice-based

Justice-based and procedural fairness is key to gaining societal acceptance or SLO.

See Lacey, Edwards & Lamont 2016. Social licence as social contract: procedural fairness and forest agreement making in Australia. Forestry: An International Journal of Forest Research. 89(5) 489-499.

Monday, 15 July 2019

Social licence about trust

By Sally Rae

🚹 190 💟 🛛 34 😽

Rural life > People

Why farms should care about their 'social license to farm'

RURAL EXCHANGE 06/10/2018 🖬 Like 0

Tourism - Time to renegotiate or withdraw our social licence

Become a supporter

by Peter Newport : Jun 13,2018

Editorial, Crux Managing Editor Peter Newport looks at the question of whether tourism is benefitting, or harming

the people who live here.

BUSINESS

Big read: Why your company's 'social licence' could expire

7 Jul, 2019 2:00pm



By: Kevin Jenkins Kevin Jenkins is a contributor for the New Zealand Herald Kevin.Jenkins@martinjenkins.co.nz



③ 11 minutes to read

Stats NZ seeks a 'social licence' for data stewardship

Stats NZ wants to gauge Kiwi's perceptions of its role as a steward of their personal data.

By Rob O'Neill (New Zealand Reseller News)
By Rob O'Neill (New Zealand Reseller News) 16 January, 2018 13:31



Maintaining a social license "crucial to the future of horse sport"

🛗 February 20, 2019 🛔 Horsetalk.co.nz 🌘 0 Comments

Ardern trumpets trade, but 'social licence' needed

Prime Minister Jacinda Ardern has touted the benefits of trade, but warned its "social licence" must be rebuilt to the public to head off protectionist sentiment.

Two aspects that are impacting on ability to maintain social licence in the natural resources sectors

1) Social conflict can appear at any point along the value chain and cause distant disruption upstream or downstream



2) Emerging information, media and communication 'modes' directly influence social licence



Forestry's hot topics



TM

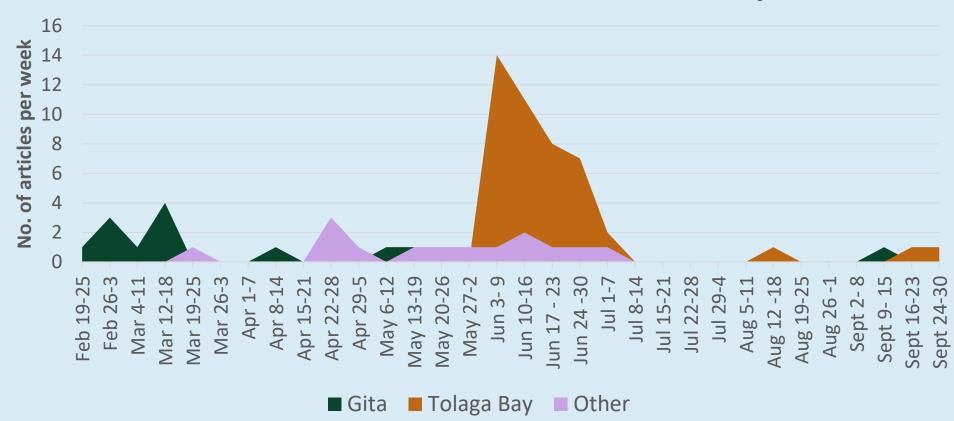
NZ case study on media coverage



- Two large storms during 2018 in Tasman (Gita); and East Coast (Tolaga)
- Caused large debris flow and movement of slash onto landscapes/beaches
- Forest sector put under spotlight
 - Harvesting practices on steep slope
 - Species
 - Slash management
 - Resource consent

When was the issue in the papers?

Media articles related to debris flow risk and impacts



Common image types used in media stories



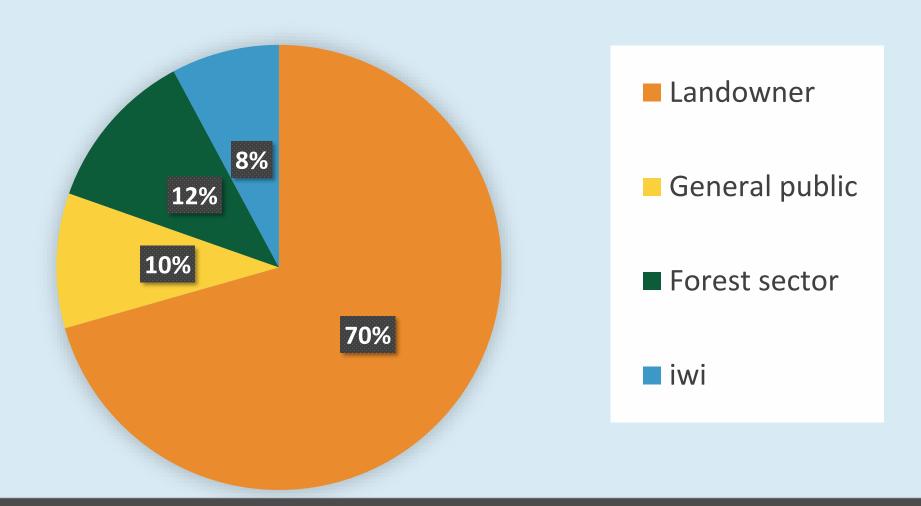




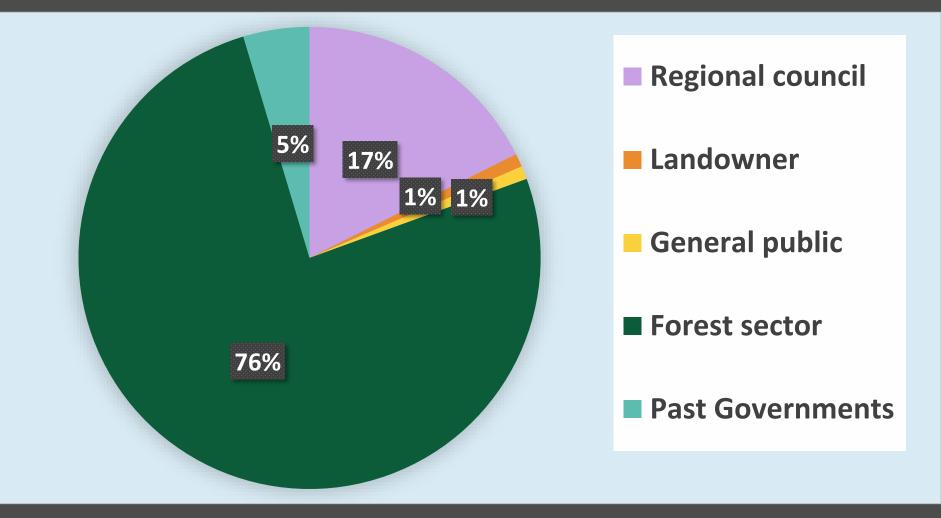




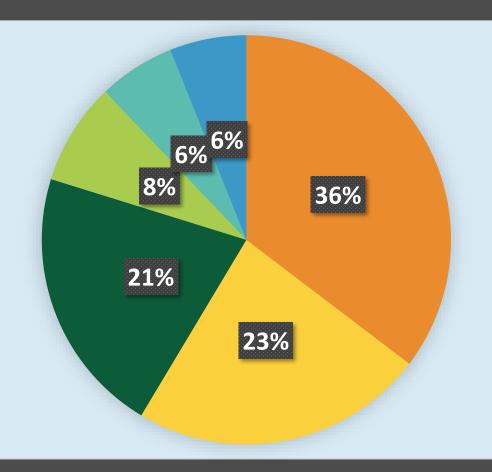
Who was portrayed by media as the victim of the events?



Who was seen as to blame for the disaster?

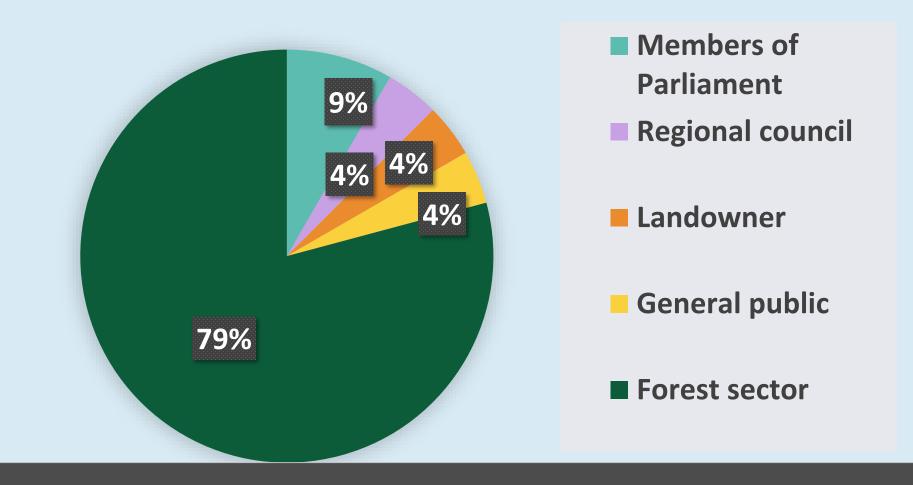


What was reported as the main reasons behind the debris flow event?

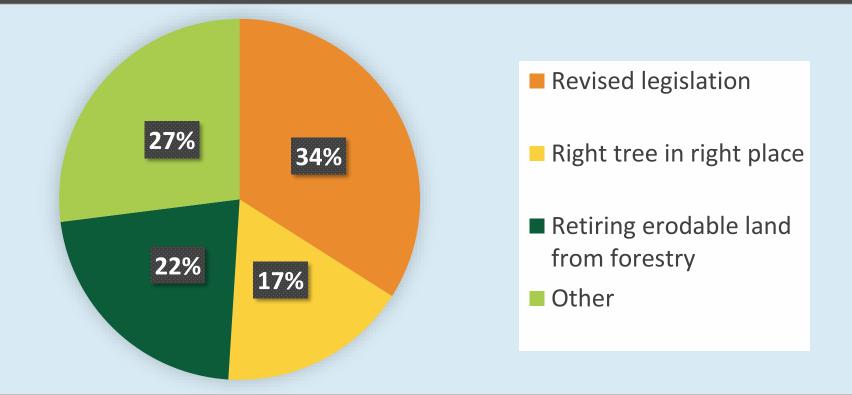


- Nature/ Climate change/ Act of God
- Erodable soils/ Separation Point granite
- Current legislation
- Planting of non-native species
- Slash from >5yrs ago
- Afforestation following Bola

Who was stated as helping the communities recover from the disaster?



What was reported as needed to prevent this happening again?



Other actions seen as needed

- Better slash management (8%)
- Increased riparian barriers (7%)
- Continuous cover forestry (6%)

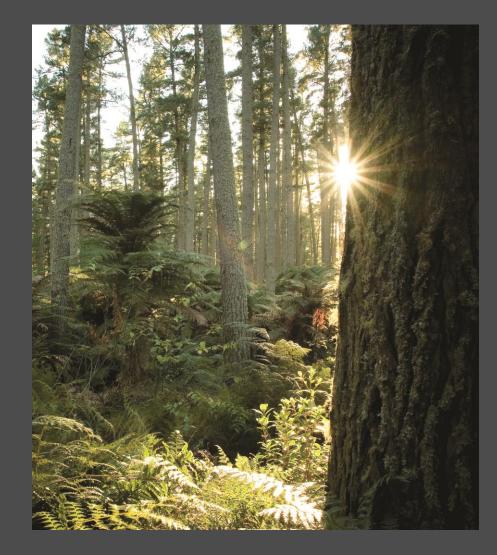
- Govt enquiry (4%)
- Other (2%)



Lack of forestry 'voice' in media articles

Those sought for comment on the issue were mainly victims (38% of articles) and regional council staff (50% of articles), forestry representatives were only given a voice in 19% of articles.

How can the forest sector communicate with the wider public?



Mass Afforestation Policies

 New Zealand is not unique in introducing a large-scale (one billion trees) afforestation policy....









Or in having public pushback...

PLANTING THE WRONG TREES IN EUROPE MADE CLIMATE CHANGE WORSE: WHY REFORESTATION ISN'T THAT EASY

BY ZOË SCHLANGER ON 2/5/16 AT 3:10 PM EST



The wrong kind of trees: Ireland's afforestation meets resistance



www.50shadesofgreen.co.nz

NO FARMS

▲ Felled Sitks spraces at a plantation in County Leitner. Photograph: Johnny Sesege/The Goardian Residents and campaigners say fast-growing Sitka spruces are spoiling the landscape

Advertisement.

ENVIRONMENT

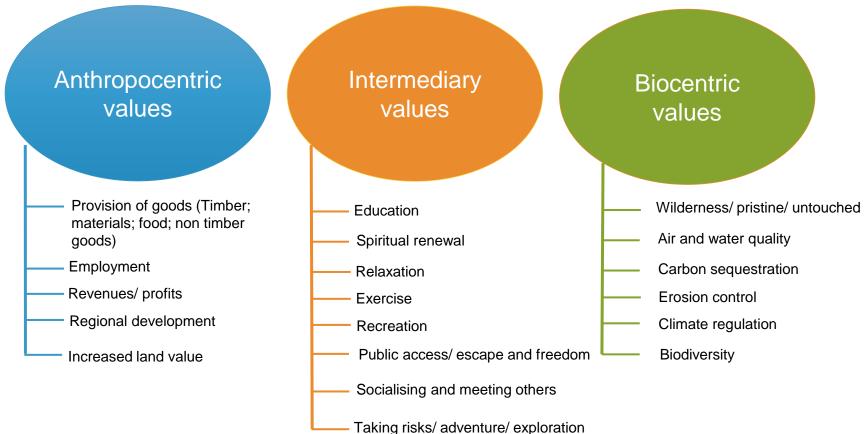
Tree-planting programs can do more harm than good

Conventional wisdom holds that all tree planting is good for fighting climate change and supporting wildlife, but research shows some techniques can be a problem.

Variable views on what forests offer, and therefore what should be planted, and how they should be managed

Utilitarian





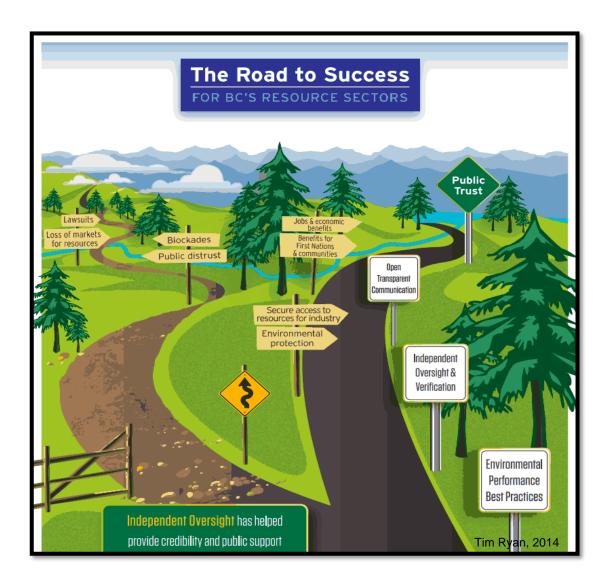
Value orientation -> personal value -> attitude -> behaviour

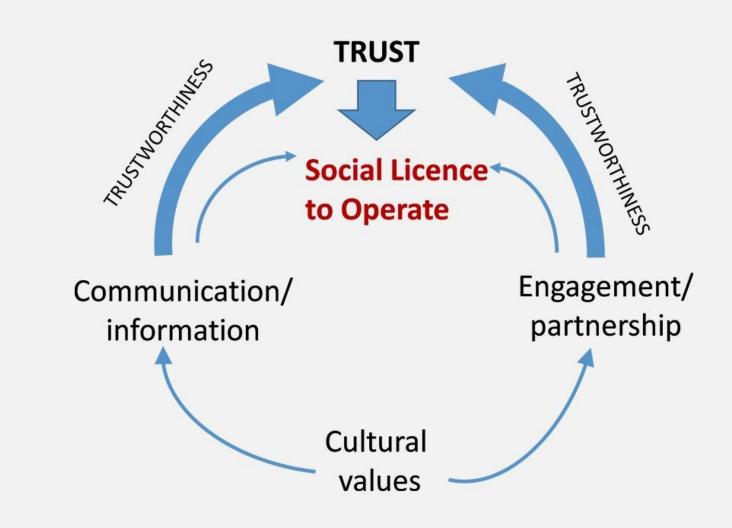
A changing climate for forestry

Environmental Climate Change Resource constraints

Economic/ Regulatory New policies International supply and demand

Socio-cultural Easier communication / greater scrutiny Desire for co-development and participatory practices





Edwards et al., 2019 : "Trust, engagement, information and social licence - insights from New Zealand". Env. Res. Letters. Vol 14 (2)

Maintaining Social Licence

- A lack of public understanding around forestry
 - It is clear we can't just continue to do what we have always done, but nor are we doing so – there is a very narrow set of viewpoints of what afforestation will bring to NZ
 - There is a strong educational and communication angle that needs addressing, in order to increase our standing, and voice in communities
- Different people have different values with respect to what forests offer
 - Understanding these different viewpoints, and who holds them, so that we can negotiate mutually beneficial solutions
 - Increased interaction with those groups that are sceptical or hold negative perceptions of forestry, to help build social licence

Maintaining Social Licence

- How can we co-develop appropriate forestry regimes with communities?
 - Afforestation grants are available
 - A strong monetary incentive promised in the 1990s for small scale afforestation got planting occurring
 - There are other incentives now besides money
 - A need for quality, transparent conversations to raise credibility and trust
 - The ducks must be in a row : advisory services and matching public aspirations to planting regimes





Prosperity from trees Mai i te ngahere oranga WWW.SCIONTESEATCH.COM

Scion is the trading name of the New Zealand Forest Research Institute Limited